2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/27/2005			Received By: mdsida					
Wanted: As time permits					Identical to LRB:			
For: Donald Friske (608) 266-7694					By/Representing: Jennifer			
This fil	e may be showr	to any legislat	or: NO		Drafter: mdsida			
May Co	ontact:				Addl. Drafters:			
Subject		al Law - dome al Law - law e		t	Extra Copies:	pjk		
Submit	via email: YES							
Reques	ter's email:	Rep.Frisk	e@legis.sta	te.wi.us				
Carbon	copy (CC:) to:		n@legis.stat anaman@l	te.wi.us egis.state.wi.	us			
Pre To	pic:		***************************************					
No spec	cific pre topic g	ven						
Topic:								
Domest	ric violence mar	datory arrest						
Instruc	ctions:							
See Atta	ached							
Draftin	ng History:		··········					
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/?	mdsida 02/04/2005	kfollett 02/09/2005					S&L	
/1			rschluet 02/11/200	05	sbasford 02/11/2005		S&L	
/2	mdsida 02/28/2005	kfollett 03/02/2005	pgreensl 03/03/200	05	sbasford 03/03/2005	sbasford 04/15/2005		

FE Sent For:

<END>

2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/27/2005					Received By: mdsida			
Wanted: As time permits For: Donald Friske (608) 266-7694					Identical to LRB:			
					By/Representing: Jennifer			
This file	e may be shown	to any legislat	or: NO		Drafter: mdsida Addl. Drafters:			
May Co	ontact:							
Subject		al Law - dome al Law - law e			Extra Copies:	pjk		
Submit	via email: YES							
Request	ter's email:	Rep.Frisk	e@legis.state.wi	i.us				
Carbon	copy (CC:) to:	-	a@legis.state.wi anaman@legis.		ıs			
Pre To	pic:				q.			
No spec	cific pre topic gi	ven						
Topic:		***************************************			naka na matana atau atau atau atau atau atau atau	····		
Domest	ic violence mar	datory arrest	•					
Instruc	ctions:	~~~						
See Atta	ached							
Draftin	ng History:							
Vers.	Drafted	Reviewed	Typed P	roofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required	
/?	mdsida 02/04/2005	kfollett 02/09/2005					S&L	
/1			rschluet		sbasford 02/11/2005		S&L	
/2	mdsida 02/28/2005	kfollett 03/02/2005	pgreensl		sbasford 03/03/2005			

FE Sent For:

<END>

2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/27/2005	Received By: mdsida
110001100.01/2//2002	1cocived by. illust

Wanted: **As time permits**Identical to LRB:

For: **Donald Friske (608) 266-7694** By/Representing: **Jennifer**

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**Drafter: **mdsida**

May Contact: Addl. Drafters:

Subject: Criminal Law - domestic abuse Extra Copies: pjk

Criminal Law - law enforcement

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email: Rep.Friske@legis.state.wi.us

Carbon copy (CC:) to: robin.ryan@legis.state.wi.us

cathlene.hanaman@legis.state.wi.us

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Domestic violence mandatory arrest

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

<u>Vers.</u> <u>Drafted</u> <u>Reviewed</u> <u>Typed</u> <u>Proofed</u> <u>Submitted</u> <u>Jacketed</u> <u>Required</u>

/? mdsida kfollett S&L

02/04/2005 02/09/2005 /1 rschluet sbasford

3 02/11/2005 Py 02/11/200

FE Sent For:

2005 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Received: 01/27/2005

Received By: mdsida

Wanted: As time permits

Identical to LRB:

For: Donald Friske (608) 266-7694

By/Representing: Jennifer

This file may be shown to any legislator: **NO**

Drafter: mdsida

May Contact:

Addl. Drafters:

Subject:

Criminal Law - domestic abuse Criminal Law - law enforcement Extra Copies:

pjk

Submit via email: YES

Requester's email:

Rep.Friske@legis.state.wi.us

Carbon copy (CC:) to:

robin.ryan@legis.state.wi.us

Typed

cathlene.hanaman@legis.state.wi.us

Pre Topic:

No specific pre topic given

Topic:

Domestic violence mandatory arrest

Instructions:

See Attached

Drafting History:

Vers.

/?

Drafted

mdsida

Reviewed .

Proofed

Submitted

Jacketed

Required

FE Sent For:

<END>

Dsida, Michael

From:

Western, Jennifer

Sent:

Thursday, January 27, 2005 11:20 AM

To: Subject:

Dsida, Michael Draft Request

Dear Mike,

Representative Friske would like to resurrect 2001 Assembly Bill 884, relating to domestic abuse arrests. However, he would like to strike out the inclusion of dating relationships as being part of the definition of domestic abuse in Section 2. Also strike the definition of dating relationship in Section 3.

Rep. Friske has a follow-up meeting on this draft on Feb 17th, so he was hoping to get a draft by then. Let me know if there is a problem with the time parameters.

Thank you,

Jennifer
Office of Donald R. Friske
35th Assembly Representative
www.Friskenet.net

See other charges too.



2001 - 2002 LEGISLATURE

GF



3

4

5

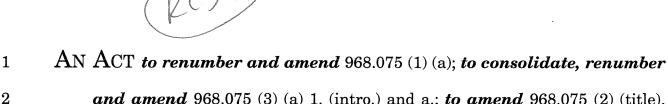
6

7

8

2001 ASSEMBLY BILL 884

March 4, 2002 – Introduced by Representatives Krug, Kaufert, Berceau, Turner, McCormick, Coggs, Sykora and Huebsch, cosponsored by Senators Plache, Huelsman, Burke, Roessler and Darling. Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice.



and amend 968.075 (3) (a) 1. (intro.) and a.; to amend 968.075 (2) (title), 968.075 (2) (a) (intro.), 968.075 (2) (a) 2. (intro.), 968.075 (3) (a) 1. c., 968.075 (3) (a) 1. d., 968.075 (3) (c), 968.075 (5) (a) 2., 968.075 (5) (e) and 968.085 (2) (intro.); to repeal and recreate 968.075 (3) (a) 1. b.; and to create 968.07 (1m), 968.075 (1) (ag), 968.075 (1) (c), 968.075 (1) (d), 968.075 (2) (a) 2. c., 968.075 (2) (am), 968.075 (2) (ar), 968.075 (2m), 968.075 (3) (a) 1. e. and f. and 968.085 (8) of the statutes; relating to: domestic abuse arrests and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a law enforcement officer is required to arrest a person if the person has committed domestic abuse, the person's actions constituted a crime, and either: 1) the officer has a reasonable basis for believing that continued domestic abuse against the alleged victim is likely (the "continuing abuse provision") or 2) there is evidence of physical injury provision. "Domestic abuse" is defined as the commission of certain specified acts, including the intentional infliction of physical pain or injury or first, second, or third degree sexual assault, by a person who is at least 18 years of age against his or her spouse or former spouse, a current or former adult housemate or roommate, including a relative, or another adult with whom the person has a child in common.

has been committed

LRB-4069/2 MGD:hmh:kjf

ASSEMBLY BILL 884

Current law also requires law enforcement agencies to adopt certain policies relating to domestic abuse cases. Among other things, the policies must include a statement emphasizing that in domestic abuse cases involving spouses, former spouses, or other persons who reside together or formerly resided together, the officer does not have to arrest both persons but should arrest the person whom the officer believes to be the primary physical aggressor. In determining who is the primary physical aggressor, an officer should consider the goal of protecting victims of domestic violence, the relative degree of injury suffered by or fear induced in the persons involved, and any history of domestic abuse between those persons.

This bill replaces the presumption regarding arresting the primary physical aggressor with a requirement, added to the continuing abuse and physical injury provisions, that the law enforcement officer arrest the predominant aggressor in domestic abuse cases. The bill defines "predominant aggressor" to mean the most significant, but not necessarily the first, aggressor in a domestic abuse incident. It also lists what a law enforcement officer must consider in identifying the predominant aggressor. In addition, the bill specifies that if a law enforcement officer has identified the predominant aggressor, it is not generally appropriate to arrest any other person involved in the domestic abuse incident, even if the continuing abuse or physical injury provisions apply. The bill requires law enforcement agencies to adopt certain specified policies, including policies that reflect these new requirements.

The bill also establishes new postarrest requirements. First, under the bill, a person whose arrest is required as a result of a domestic abuse incident may not be released from custody until the person posts bail at the sheriff's office or police station or appears before a judge. Second, under current law, if a person is arrested in connection with a domestic abuse incident, in most cases the person must avoid contacting the victim and must avoid the victim's residence during the 72 hours immediately following the arrest. A person who intentionally violates this prohibition is required to forfeit not more than \$1,000. The bill changes a violation of this prohibition to a misdemeanor, with the maximum fine being set at \$10,000 and the maximum term of imprisonment set at nine months.

Finally, the bill revises the definition of "domestic abuse" to cover cases involving adults who are or were in a dating relationship. The bill defines "dating relationship" as a romantic or intimate social relationship between adults, but it specifies that the term does not include a casual relationship or ordinary fraternization between individuals in a business or social context.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

/

and

that

address

166165

also

a case

crime of

- th

1	968.07 (1m) Notwithstanding sub. (1), a law enforcement officer shall arrest
2	a person when required to do so under s. 813.12 (7), 813.122 (10), 813.125 (6), 813.128
3	(1) (b), or 968.075 (2) (a) or (5) (e).
4	Section 2. 968.075 (1) (a) of the statutes is renumbered 968.075 (1) (ar), and
5	968.075 (1) (ar) (intro.), as renumbered, is amended to read:
6	968.075 (1) (ar) (intro.) "Domestic abuse" means any of the following engaged
7	in by an adult person against his or her spouse or former spouse, against an adult
8	with whom the person resides or formerly resided, against an adult with whom the
9	individual has or had a dating relationship, or against an adult with whom the
10	person has a child in common:
11	SECTION 3. 968.075 (1) (ag) of the statutes is created to read:
12	968.075 (1) (ag) "Dating relationship" means a romantic or intimate social
13	relationship between adults but does not include a casual relationship or ordinary
14	fraternization between individuals in a business or social context. The existence of
15	a dating relationship shall be determined by considering the length of the
16	relationship, the type of the relationship, and the frequency of the interaction
17	between the individuals involved.
18	SECTION 4. 968.075 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
19	968.075 (1) (c) "Party" means a person engaged in an act of domestic abuse or
20	a person victimized by an act of domestic abuse.
21	SECTION 5. 968.075 (1) (d) of the statutes is created to read:
22	968.075 (1) (d) "Predominant aggressor" means the most significant, but not
23	necessarily the first, aggressor in a domestic abuse incident.
24	SECTION 6. 968.075 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	968.075 (2) (title) CIRCUMSTANCES REQUIRING ARREST: PRESUMPTION AGAINST
2	CERTAIN ARRESTS.
3	SECTION 7. 968.075 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	968.075 (2) (a) (intro.) Notwithstanding s. 968.07 $\frac{V}{(1)}$ and except as provided in
5	par. pars. (am) and (b), a law enforcement officer shall arrest and take a person into
6	custody if:
7	SECTION 8. 968.075 (2) (a) 2. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	968.075 (2) (a) 2. (intro.) Either or both Any of the following circumstances are
9	present apply:
10	SECTION 9. 968.075 (2) (a) 2. c. of the statutes is created to read:
11	968.075 (2) (a) 2. c. The person is the predominant aggressor.
12	SECTION 10. 968.075 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
13 14	968.075 (2) (am) Notwithstanding s. 968.07 (1), unless the person's arrest is required under s. 813.12 (7), 813.122 (10), 813.125 (6), or 813.128 (1) (b) or sub. (5)
15	(e), if a law enforcement officer identifies the predominant aggressor, it is generally
16	not appropriate for a law enforcement officer to arrest anyone under par. (a) other
17	than the predominant aggressor.
18	SECTION 11. 968.075 (2) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:
19	968.075 (2) (ar) In order to protect victims from continuing domestic abuse, a
20	law enforcement officer shall consider all of the following in identifying the
21	predominant aggressor:
22	1. Whether any party is threatening or has threatened future harm to or is
23	attempting or has attempted to intimidate any other party or any other family or
24	household member.

1	2. The extent to which each person present, including children, appears to fear
2	any party.
3	3. Statements made by witnesses or any other person, including children.
4	4. The history of domestic abuse between the parties and any information
5	provided by children or other witnesses regarding that history.
6	5. Whether either party acted in self-defense or in defense of any other person
7	under the circumstances described in s. 939.48.
8	SECTION 12. 968.075 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:
9	968.075 (2m) Immediate release prohibited. Unless s. 968.08 applies, a law
10	enforcement officer may not release a person whose arrest was required under sub-
11	(2) until the person posts bail under s. 969.07 or appears before a judge under s.
12	970.01 (1).
13	SECTION 13. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. (intro.) and a. of the statutes are consolidated,
14	renumbered 968.075 (3) (a) 1. a. and amended to read:
15	968.075 (3) (a) 1. a. Statements A statement emphasizing that: In in most
16	circumstances, other than those under sub. (2), a law enforcement officer should
17	arrest and take a person into custody if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe
18	that the person is committing or has committed domestic abuse and that the person's
19	actions constitute the commission of a crime.
20	SECTION 14. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. b. of the statutes is repealed and recreated to
21	read:
22	968.075 (3) (a) 1. b. A policy reflecting the requirements of subs. (2) and (2m).
23	Section 15. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. c. of the statutes is amended to read:
24	968.075 (3) (a) 1. c. A statement emphasizing that a law enforcement officer's
25	decision as to whether or not to arrest under this section may not be based on the

that the person has violated par. (a).

25

۹.	
1	consent of the victim to any subsequent prosecution or on the relationship of the
2	persons involved in the incident.
3	SECTION 16. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. d. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	968.075 (3) (a) 1. d. A statement emphasizing that a law enforcement officer's
5	decision not to arrest under this section may not be based solely upon the absence
6	of visible indications of injury or impairment.
7	SECTION 17. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. e. and f. of the statutes are created to read:
8	968.075 (3) (a) 1. e. A statement discouraging, but not prohibiting, the arrest
9	of more than one person involved in a domestic abuse incident.
10	f. A statement emphasizing that a law enforcement officer, in determining
11	whether to arrest a person involved in a domestic abuse incident, should consider
12	whether the person acted in self-defense or in defense of another person.
13	SECTION 18. 968.075 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
14	968.075 (3) (c) This subsection does not limit the authority of a law enforcement
15	agency to establish policies that require arrests under more circumstances than
16	those set forth in sub. (2), but the policies may not conflict with the presumption
17	under sub. (2) (am).
18	SECTION 19. 968.075 (5) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
19	968.075 (5) (a) 2. An arrested person who intentionally violates this paragraph
20	shall be required to forfeit not more than \$1,000 may be fined not more than \$10,000
21	or imprisoned for not more than 9 months or both.
22	SECTION 20. 968.075 (5) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	968.075 (5) (e) Notwithstanding s. 968.07 (1), a law enforcement officer shall
24	arrest and take a person into custody if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe

21

1 **SECTION 21.** 968.085 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read: 2 968.085 (2) AUTHORITY TO ISSUE; EFFECT. (intro.) A Except as provided in sub. (8), a law enforcement officer may issue a citation to any person whom he or she has 3 reasonable grounds to believe has committed a misdemeanor. A citation may be 4 5 issued in the field or at the headquarters or precinct station of the officer instead of 6 or subsequent to a lawful arrest. If a citation is issued, the person cited shall be 7 released on his or her own recognizance. In determining whether to issue a citation, 8 the law enforcement officer may consider whether: **SECTION 22.** 968.085 (8) of the statutes is created to read: 9 10 968.085 (8) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN DOMESTIC ABUSE CASES. A law enforcement officer may not issue a citation to a person for an offense if the officer 11 12 is required to arrest the person for that offense under s. 968.075 (2). 13 Section 23. Initial applicability. 14 (1) The treatment of section 968 075 (5) (a) 2. of the statutes first applies to 15 persons arrested for a domestic abuse incident on the effective date of this text ins: effoliate A 16 subsection. SECTION 24. Effective dates. This act takes effect on the first day of the third month beginning after publication, except as follows: 19 (1) The treatment of sections 968.075 (5) (a) 2. of the statutes and Section 23 (1) of this act take effect on the day after publication. 20

(END)

Barman, Mike

From:

Hanaman, Cathlene

Sent:

Monday, February 14, 2005 1:00 PM

To:

Barman, Mike

Subject:

FW: LRB-1916/1

Mike:

I fixed the incorrect initials. Could you print a new copy for the file?

-C

----Original Message----

From:

Dsida, Michael

Sent:

Monday, February 14, 2005 12:50 PM

To: Cc:

Kunkel, Mark Hanaman, Cathlene

Subject:

RE: LRB-1916/1

If it comes back for a redraft I can. Otherwise, I'm not sure what we can do. Cathlene...???

----Original Message----

From:

Kunkel, Mark

Sent:

Monday, February 14, 2005 10:53 AM

To:

Dsida, Michael

Subject: LRB-1916/1

Looks like my initials, instead of your's, got put on this draft. Can you change that? That would be swell if you did.



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

2005 BILL



LRB-1916/1

AN ACT to consolidate, renumber and amend 968.075 (3) (a) 1. (intro.) and a.; to amend 968.075 (2) (title), 968.075 (2) (a) (intro.), 968.075 (2) (a) 2. (intro.), 968.075 (3) (a) 1. c., 968.075 (3) (a) 1. d., 968.075 (3) (c), 968.075 (5) (e) and 968.085 (2) (intro.); to repeal and recreate 968.075 (3) (a) 1. b.; and to create 968.07 (1m), 968.075 (1) (c), 968.075 (2) (a) 2. c., 968.075 (2) (am), 968.075 (2m), 968.075 (3) (a) 1. e. and f. and 968.085 (8) of the statutes; relating to: domestic abuse arrests and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a law enforcement officer is required to arrest a person if the person has committed domestic abuse, the person's actions constituted a crime, and either: 1) the officer has a reasonable basis for believing that continued domestic abuse against the alleged victim is likely; or 2) there is evidence of physical injury to the alleged victim. "Domestic abuse" is defined as the commission of certain specified acts, including the intentional infliction of physical pain or injury or first, second, or third degree sexual assault, by a person who is at least 18 years of age against his or her spouse or former spouse, a current or former adult housemate or roommate, including a relative, or another adult with whom the person has a child in common.

Current law also requires law enforcement agencies to adopt certain policies relating to domestic abuse cases. Among other things, the policies must include a

Dsida, Michael

From:

Western, Jennifer

Sent:

Monday, February 28, 2005 2:06 PM

To:

Dsida, Michael

Subject:

RE: LRB 1916/1 Change

I guess you could replace "any such person" with "either party." The essence of "any such person" is that they are a party involved in the domestic abuse incident and potentially the predominant aggressor.

----Original Message----

From:

Dsida, Michael

Sent:

Monday, February 28, 2005 2:01 PM

To:

Western, Jennifer

Subject:

RE: LRB 1916/1 Change

Who is "any such person" in item 5? That provision appears to be referring back to item 4, but it is not clear whether it is referring to a "person present" or a "party."

----Original Message----

From:

Western, Jennifer

Sent:

Thursday, February 24, 2005 4:42 PM

Dsida, Michael Subject: LRB 1916/1 Change

Dear Mike,

Rep. Friske would like to make the following change to LRB 1916/1, relating to predominant physical aggressor. I emailed because I thought I could explain it better, but if you have questions, just give me a call.

Thanks.

Jennifer, 6-7694

#1. Points a law enforcement officer must consider in identifying the predominant aggressor. (In 2003 AB 884, these were located p.4 line 22 to p.5 line 7) I know I originally told you Don didn't want to change the points from what they are in current law (968.07 (3) (a) 1. b.), but he does. He would like to amend and list out the points to be as follows:

In order to protect victims from continuing domestic abuse, a law enforcement officer shall consider all of the following in identifying the predominant aggressor:

1. The history of domestic abuse between the parties and any information provided by witnesses regarding that history, if that history can be reasonably ascertained

by the officer;

- 2. Statements made by witnesses;
- 3. The relative degree of injury inflicted on the persons involved;
- 4. The extent to which each person present appears to fear any party;
- 5. Whether any such person is threatening or has threatened future harm against another party or another family or household member;
- 6. Whether either party acted in self-defense or in defense of any other person under the circumstances described in s. 939.48.



1

2

3

4

5

6

7

State of Misconsin 2005 - 2006 LEGISLATURE

LRB-1916/D

2005 BILL



AN ACT to consolidate, renumber and amend 968.075 (3) (a) 1. (intro.) and a.; to amend 968.075 (2) (title), 968.075 (2) (a) (intro.), 968.075 (2) (a) 2. (intro.), 968.075 (3) (a) 1. c., 968.075 (3) (a) 1. d., 968.075 (3) (c), 968.075 (5) (e) and 968.085 (2) (intro.); to repeal and recreate 968.075 (3) (a) 1. b.; and to create 968.07 (1m), 968.075 (1) (c), 968.075 (2) (a) 2. c., 968.075 (2) (am), 968.075 (2m), 968.075 (3) (a) 1. e. and f. and 968.085 (8) of the statutes; relating to: domestic abuse arrests and providing a penalty.

Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a law enforcement officer is required to arrest a person if the person has committed domestic abuse, the person's actions constituted a crime, and either: 1) the officer has a reasonable basis for believing that continued domestic abuse against the alleged victim is likely; or 2) there is evidence of physical injury to the alleged victim. "Domestic abuse" is defined as the commission of certain specified acts, including the intentional infliction of physical pain or injury or first, second, or third degree sexual assault, by a person who is at least 18 years of age against his or her spouse or former spouse, a current or former adult housemate or roommate, including a relative, or another adult with whom the person has a child in common.

Current law also requires law enforcement agencies to adopt certain policies relating to domestic abuse cases. Among other things, the policies must include a

2NI

BILL

statement emphasizing that in domestic abuse cases involving spouses, former spouses, or other persons who reside together or formerly resided together, the officer does not have to arrest both persons but should arrest the person whom the officer believes to be the primary physical aggressor. In determining who is the primary physical aggressor, an officer should consider the goal of protecting victims of domestic violence, the relative degree of injury suffered by or fear induced in the persons involved, and any history of domestic abuse between those persons.

This bill replaces the presumption regarding arresting the primary physical aggressor with a requirement that the law enforcement officer arrest the predominant aggressor in a case in which a crime of domestic abuse has been committed. The bill defines "predominant aggressor" to mean the most significant aggressor, but not necessarily the first, in a domestic abuse incident. In addition, the bill specifies that if a law enforcement officer has identified the predominant aggressor, it is not generally appropriate to arrest any other person involved in the domestic abuse incident. The bill also requires law enforcement agencies to adopt policies for domestic abuse cases that reflect these new requirements and that address certain other specified issues. Finally, under the bill, a person whose arrest is required as a result of a domestic abuse incident may not be released from custody until the person posts bail at the sheriff's office or police station or appears before a judge.

For further information see the **state and local** fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. 968.07 (1m) of the statutes is created to read:

968.07 (1m) Notwithstanding sub. (1), a law enforcement officer shall arrest a person when required to do so under s. 813.12 (7), 813.122 (10), 813.125 (6), 813.128

(1) (b), or 968.075 (2) (a) or (5) (e).

SECTION 2 968.075 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:

968.075 (1) (c) "Predominant aggressor" means the most significant, but not necessarily the first, aggressor in a domestic abuse incident.

SECTION 3. 968.075 (2) (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

968.075 (2) (title) Circumstances requiring arrest; presumption against

10 <u>CERTAIN ARRESTS.</u>

 $\mathbf{2}$

3

7

8

9

BILL

1	SECTION 4. 968.075 (2) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	968.075 (2) (a) (intro.) Notwithstanding s. 968.07 $\underline{(1)}$ and except as provided in
3	par. pars. (am) and (b), a law enforcement officer shall arrest and take a person into
4	custody if:
5	SECTION 5. 968.075 (2) (a) 2. (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
6	968.075 (2) (a) 2. (intro.) Either or both Any of the following circumstances are
7	present apply:
8	SECTION 6. 968.075 (2) (a) 2. c. of the statutes is created to read:
9	968.075 (2) (a) 2. c. The person is the predominant aggressor.
10	SECTION 7. 968.075 (2) (am) of the statutes is created to read:
11	968.075 (2) (am) Notwithstanding s. 968.07 (1), unless the person's arrest is
12	required under s. 813.12 (7), 813.122 (10), 813.125 (6), or 813.128 (1) (b) or sub. (5)
13	(e), if a law enforcement officer identifies the predominant aggressor, it is generally
14	not appropriate for a law enforcement officer to arrest anyone under par. (a) other
15	than the predominant aggressor.
16	SECTION 8. 968.075 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:
17	968.075 (2m) Immediate release prohibited. Unless s. 968.08 applies, a law
18	enforcement officer may not release a person whose arrest was required under sub.
19	(2) until the person posts bail under s. 969.07 or appears before a judge under s.
20	970.01 (1).
21	SECTION 9. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. (intro.) and a. of the statutes are consolidated,
22	renumbered 968.075 (3) (a) 1. a. and amended to read:
23	968.075 (3) (a) 1. a. Statements A statement emphasizing that: In in most
24	circumstances, other than those under sub. (2), a law enforcement officer should
25	arrest and take a person into custody if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe

under sub. (2) (am).

25

BILL

1	that the person is committing or has committed domestic abuse and that the person's
2	actions constitute the commission of a crime.
3	SECTION 10. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. b. of the statutes is repealed and recreated to
4	read:
5	968.075 (3) (a) 1. b. A policy reflecting the requirements of subs. (2) and (2m).
6	SECTION 11. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. c. of the statutes is amended to read:
7	968.075 (3) (a) 1. c. A statement emphasizing that a law enforcement officer's
8	decision as to whether or not to arrest under this section may not be based on the
9	consent of the victim to any subsequent prosecution or on the relationship of the
10	persons involved in the incident.
11	SECTION 12. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. d. of the statutes is amended to read:
12	968.075 (3) (a) 1. d. A statement emphasizing that a law enforcement officer's
13	decision not to arrest under this section may not be based solely upon the absence
14	of visible indications of injury or impairment.
15	SECTION 13. 968.075 (3) (a) 1. e. and f. of the statutes are created to read:
16	968.075 (3) (a) 1. e. A statement discouraging, but not prohibiting, the arrest
17	of more than one person involved in a domestic abuse incident.
18	f. A statement emphasizing that a law enforcement officer, in determining
19	whether to arrest a person involved in a domestic abuse incident, should consider
20	whether the person acted in self-defense or in defense of another person.
21	SECTION 14. 968.075 (3) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	968.075 (3) (c) This subsection does not limit the authority of a law enforcement
23	agency to establish policies that require arrests under more circumstances than
24	those set forth in sub. (2), but the policies may not conflict with the presumption

BILL

publication.

SECTION 15. 968.075 (5) (e) of the statutes is amended to read:
968.075 (5) (e) Notwithstanding s. 968.07 (1), a law enforcement officer shall
arrest and take a person into custody if the officer has reasonable grounds to believe
that the person has violated par. (a).
SECTION 16. 968.085 (2) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
968.085 (2) AUTHORITY TO ISSUE; EFFECT. (intro.) A Except as provided in sub.
(8), a law enforcement officer may issue a citation to any person whom he or she has
reasonable grounds to believe has committed a misdemeanor. A citation may be
issued in the field or at the headquarters or precinct station of the officer instead of
or subsequent to a lawful arrest. If a citation is issued, the person cited shall be
released on his or her own recognizance. In determining whether to issue a citation
the law enforcement officer may consider whether:
SECTION 17. 968.085 (8) of the statutes is created to read:
968.085 (8) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN DOMESTIC ABUSE CASES. A law enforcement officer may not issue a citation to a person for an offense if the officer
is required to arrest the person for that offense under s. 968.075 (2).
SECTION 18. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 3rd month beginning after

(END)

LRB-1916/2ins MGD:...:...

2005–2006 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

	, and the state of
1	no # analysis INSERT
	It also lists what a law enforcement officer must consider in identifying the predominant aggressor.
2	INSERT 2/4
3	SECTION 1. 968.075 (1) (c) of the statutes is created to read:
4	968.075 (1) (c) "Party" means a person involved in a domestic abuse incident
5	<u>INSERT 3/15</u>
6	SECTION 2. 968.075 (2) (ar) of the statutes is created to read:
7	968.075 (2) (ar) In order to protect victims from continuing domestic abuse, a
8	law enforcement officer shall consider all of the following in identifying the
9	predominant aggressor:
10	1. The history of domestic abuse between the parties, if it can be reasonably
11	ascertained by the officer, and any information provided by witnesses regarding that
12	history.
13	2. Statements made by witnesses.
14	3. The relative degree of injury inflicted on the parties.
15	4. The extent to which each person present appears to fear any party.
16	5. Whether any party is threatening or has threatened future harm against

6. Whether either party acted in self-defense or in defense of any other person

another party or another family or household member.

under the circumstances described in s. 939.48.

17

18

19

Basford, Sarah

From:

Dsida, Michael

Sent:

To: Subject:

Thursday, April 14, 2005 4:13 PM LRB.Legal plz jacket -1916/2 for assembly thanks md